SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758

POLYAMOL Primer Plus RAL7035c

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 13.01.2023
1.1	22.03.2023	100000000961	Date of first issue: 13.01.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : POLYAMOL Primer Plus RAL7035c

Product code : 000000000000013359
13359

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Coatings

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

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proszkowe@farbykabe.pl

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Switzerland: Poisoning emergencies: Tox Info Suisse, telephone: +41 (0)44/251 66 66 or 145 (only within Switzerland) Germany: Poison Control Center Berlin: +49(0)30-19240 Austria: Poison Control Center AKA Vienna: +43(0)1/4064343 Poland: National Poison Information Center and Clinical Department of Toxicology: +48(42)6579900

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage, Category 1	H318: Causes serious eye damage.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2	H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 2	H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements :

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Reaktionsprodukt von Xylol und Ethylbenzol
2-methylpropan-1-ol
butan-1-ol

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Paint

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Reaktionsprodukt von Xylol und Ethylbenzol	Not Assigned 905-588-0	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373 Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 10 - < 20
xylene	1330-20-7 215-535-7 601-022-00-9	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315	>= 1 - < 10
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6 203-603-9 607-195-00-7	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system)	>= 1 - < 10
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0 231-944-3 030-011-00-6	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 _____ M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1	>= 2,5 - < 10
2-methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1 201-148-0 603-108-00-1	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system)	>= 1 - < 3

butan-1-ol	71-36-3 200-751-6 603-004-00-6	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system)	>= 1 - < 3
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :			
barium sulfate	7727-43-7 231-784-4		>= 10 - < 20
calcium carbonate	471-34-1 207-439-9		>= 10 - < 20
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	14807-96-6 238-877-9		>= 1 - < 10

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
If on skin, rinse well with water.
If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.
Remove contact lenses.
Protect unharmed eye.
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.
If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.
Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Take victim immediately to hospital.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye damage.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water/water spray/water jet/carbon dioxide/sand/foam/alcohol resistant foam/chemical powder for extinction.
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored separately in closed containments.
Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.
Do not breathe vapours/dust.
Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.
Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

Further information on storage stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
barium sulfate	7727-43-7	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
calcium carbonate	471-34-1	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	14807-96-6	TWA (Respirable dust)	1 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (Respirable dust)	0,1 mg/m3	2004/37/EC
	Further information: Carcinogens or mutagens			
xylene	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm 220 mg/m3	GB EH40
	Further information: Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		STEL	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	GB EH40
	Further information: Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		TWA	50 ppm 221 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		STEL	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	TWA	50 ppm 274 mg/m3	GB EH40
	Further information: Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		STEL	100 ppm 548 mg/m3	GB EH40
	Further information: Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			

		STEL	100 ppm 550 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		TWA	50 ppm 275 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
2-methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	STEL	75 ppm 231 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA	50 ppm 154 mg/m3	GB EH40
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	STEL	50 ppm 154 mg/m3	GB EH40
	Further information: Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			

Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Sampling time	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	methyl hippuric acid: 650 Millimoles per mole Creatinine (Urine)	After shift	GB EH40 BAT

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water
Tightly fitting safety goggles
Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical resistant gloves made of butyl rubber or nitrile rubber category III according to EN 374.

Remarks : The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other. Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). Be aware that in daily use the durability of a chemical resistant protective glove can be notably shorter than the break through time measured according to EN 374, due to the numerous outside influences (e.g. temperature). Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. Skin should be washed after contact. Use a high fat protective

cream after cleaning skin.

Skin and body protection	:	Workers should wear antistatic footwear. Impervious clothing Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.
Protective measures	:	Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	liquid
Colour	:	pigmented
Odour	:	slight
Flash point	:	27,0 °C Method: Measured value
Density	:	1,674 g/cm3 (20 °C)
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	:	> 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C)

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Not applicable

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Reaktionsprodukt von Xylol und Ethylbenzol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5.251 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 27,57 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after short term inhalation.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 4.200 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after single contact with skin.

xylene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3.523 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 1.700 mg/kg

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 6.190 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5,7 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

2-methylpropan-1-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2.460 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

butan-1-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2.292 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 3.400 mg/kg

barium sulfate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 15.000 mg/kg

calcium carbonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 6.450 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Product:

Remarks : May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.

Components:

Reaktionsprodukt von Xylol und Ethylbenzol:

Result : Irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Product:

Remarks : May cause irreversible eye damage.

Components:

Reaktionsprodukt von Xylol und Ethylbenzol:

Result : Irritating to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Reaktionsprodukt von Xylol und Ethylbenzol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Reaktionsprodukt von Xylol und Ethylbenzol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Reaktionsprodukt von Xylol und Ethylbenzol:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : Solvents may degrease the skin.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

xylene:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 2,6 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (algae): 4,6 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): > 500 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (algae): > 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 0,14 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 2,44 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (algae): 0,8 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	1
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1

2-methylpropan-1-ol:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 1.430 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 1.300 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (algae): 1.799 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

butan-1-ol:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 1.376 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 1.328 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (algae): 225 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

calcium carbonate:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 2.000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): > 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (algae): > 200 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4):

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): > 10.000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

xylene:

Biodegradability :

Result: Readily biodegradable.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Biodegradability :

Result: Readily biodegradable.

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Biodegradability :

Result: Not biodegradable

2-methylpropan-1-ol:

Biodegradability :

Result: Readily biodegradable.

butan-1-ol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

barium sulfate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

calcium carbonate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

xylene:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 25,90

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3,200

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0,430

2-methylpropan-1-ol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0,790

butan-1-ol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: < 1,000

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Endocrine disrupting potential	:	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
Additional ecological information	:	An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	:	Do not dispose of with domestic refuse. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Refer to manufacturer/ supplier/ for information on disposal/ recovery/ recycling. The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Send to a licensed waste management company.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum. Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR	:	UN 1263
RID	:	UN 1263
IMDG	:	UN 1263
IATA	:	UN 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR	:	PAINT
RID	:	PAINT

IMDG	:	PAINT (trizinc bis(orthophosphate))
IATA	:	Paint

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR	:	3
RID	:	3
IMDG	:	3
IATA	:	3

14.4 Packing group

ADR

Packing group	:	III
Classification Code	:	F1
Hazard Identification Number	:	30
Labels	:	3
Tunnel restriction code	:	(D/E)

RID

Packing group	:	III
Classification Code	:	F1
Hazard Identification Number	:	30
Labels	:	3

IMDG

Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
EmS Code	:	F-E, S-E

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	366
Packing instruction (LQ)	:	Y344
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	355
Packing instruction (LQ)	:	Y344
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

RID

Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant	:	yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH List of restrictions (Annex 17)	:	Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3 Reaktionsprodukt von Xylol und Ethylbenzol (Number on list 3) xylene (Number on list 3) 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (Number on list 3) 2-methylpropan-1-ol (Number on list 3) butan-1-ol (Number on list 3) ethylbenzene (Number on list 3) 2-methoxypropyl acetate (Number on list 30, 3)
UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for Authorisation	:	Not applicable
The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Britain)	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer	:	Not applicable
UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)	:	Not applicable
GB Export and import of hazardous chemicals - Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Regulation	:	Reaktionsprodukt von Xylol und Ethylbenzol xylene 2-methylpropan-1-ol butan-1-ol trizinc bis(orthophosphate)
Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015 (COMAH)	E2	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

		P5c	
		E1	
Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015 (COMAH)		P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Volatile organic compounds : 25,4 %

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	:	Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.
AIIC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
DSL	:	This product contains the following components that are not on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL. Titanium dioxide (> 10 µm) Reaktionsprodukt von Xylol und Ethylbenzol
ENCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
ISHL	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
KECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
PICCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
IECSC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
NZIoC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H226	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	:	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	:	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	:	Causes skin irritation.
H318	:	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	:	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	:	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.	:	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	:	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox.	:	Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam.	:	Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit.	:	Eye irritation
Flam. Liq.	:	Flammable liquids
Skin Irrit.	:	Skin irritation
STOT RE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
2000/39/EC	:	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
2004/37/EC	:	Europe. Directive 2004/37/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens at work
GB EH40	:	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 BAT	:	UK. Biological monitoring guidance values
2000/39/EC / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
2000/39/EC / STEL	:	Short term exposure limit
2004/37/EC / TWA	:	Long term exposure limit
GB EH40 / TWA	:	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European

Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:		**Classification procedure:**
Flam. Liq. 3	H226	Based on product data or assessment
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1	H318	Calculation method
STOT RE 2	H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411	Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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